

Call Net Warehouse—S. Radinow.
Notice—J. W. Davis.
Notice—J. W. Hutchcraft.
Notice—George Lloyd.
Farm for sale—Robert Boyd.
List of letters—Wm. Ross.
List of letters—C. Doan.

The New Era.

Newmarket, Friday, Feb. 8th, 1886.

This week, according to promise, we published the *Era* considerably enlarged; but owing to the carelessness of some forwarding agent, who has sent us a large box of "Eldorado" instead of printing material, we have not been able to enlarge to the size intended.

General Summary.

A large portion of the *Colonist* office was destroyed by fire, on Monday evening last. Loss partly covered by insurance.

Banks, the Know Nothing candidate for speaker in the United States Congress, has been elected by a majority of three—after balloting about nine weeks.

Several burglars have been arrested during the past week. They are now undergoing an examination at the Police Court, Toronto. Several men and women have also been arrested as accomplices.

On the 23rd ult., a train of cars passed over the Toronto and Guelph Railroad for the first time. Among those who made the trial trip, His Excellency the Governor General and members of the Administration. Regulations will shortly be established.

The Washington Union, Pres. Pierce's denials that there is any truth in the rumor that Mr. Buchanan is to be recalled from office, or that Mr. Crampin is to be sent from Washington. The Union writes in a pacific strain. The fact is, United States would not risk an open rupture with England for something; and a trifle over.

The Harisburg Telegraph says that a young lady of Cumberland Co., while on a sleighing one right last week was frozen to death. She complained to her companion, lying in the sleigh, of being cold; but a public house being near they concluded not to stop. Some little time after on arriving at the house she refused to get out, saying she was comfortable and they drove on. Arriving home she had to be assisted out of the sleigh shortly afterwards expired.

A young Italian, residing near Warner's on the Mississippi, who for some past had been endeavoring to win the affections of a young woman in that locality, but failed, called on her one day last week and attempted to speak a few words with her at the door. When alone, he seized her by the waist and in the most fiendish manner, cut it with his pocket-knife, close to the bridge. The villain then fled, and has not since been heard from.

The newly elected Governor of the State of Ohio, Mr. Allen, has introduced a bill for the repeal of the Liquor Law of that State. It is a measure of great importance, and is expected to be passed. It is a measure of great importance, and is expected to be passed. It is a measure of great importance, and is expected to be passed.

The Coming Session.

Before our next issue will be in the hands of most of our readers, Parliament will have assembled for the "despatch of business" which the Governor's Proclamation. What news will be despatched, or will be proposed of the organs, numerous as they are, is a question to tell us. Despite all the efforts of the independent Press of the country for a full month past, to extort something way of a programme, not one word has yet been heard to indicate the nature of the measures to be proposed by Government, unless except the Liquor Bill published in the *Leader* of last Saturday.

It is true we never expected the present combination of men to do much, or to attempt much beyond sticking to their places and providing for all their needy cousins; yet, to do this effectively they will find it necessary to make a show of serving some good purpose, if it be only to direct attention from their more corrupt acts.

That a Coalition should have no decided policy of a positive character is not to be wondered at; we accordingly find them standing on the negative. Looking to the press in the interest of the Government, we find on all the principle questions of the day, there is manifested an inclination rather to oppose, than to propose any measure; a tendency to ignore public opinion, instead of giving it effect, as was so loudly boasted of by some members of Government, and by their defenders, a year ago.

Beyond a vague hint that the Post Master General would probably try his hand at a measure to make a more equitable distribution of the Representation, nothing upon this subject has appeared in the regular force of the ministerial Press; but the most determined opposition. The idea of basing Representation upon population has been denounced as "absurd and positively unjust." Any proposal to disturb the present arrangement, we are told, "will be firmly resisted by the Government." Equally resolute, it is said, will be the opposition to any attempt to alter our relations towards the other British North American Colonies, either by a dissolution of the present Union between Upper and Lower Canada, or by extending that Union so as to embrace all the Provinces in one confederation.

calling loudly upon the country to repudiate the philanthropic efforts of those who would remove the admitted cause of nine-tenths of the crime and pauperism which unfortunately taints the fair fame of our country. The unmistakable opinion of the Province upon this subject, has, we expect, forced itself upon the notice of our rulers. Accordingly, an effort is made to parry the force of the public demand by an offer as creditable to its author and propagator, as it is insulting to the people.

The "Leader's Liquor Law," (no quote his own words) is avowedly framed with a view "to bring the liquor trade into the hands of respectable individuals." "The respectability of the imkeeper," he says, "is to be determined by the value of his personal effects." We need not quote further; these two sentences contain enough to sink any measure to which they may fairly apply, and with it (its author also). Yet this Bill, embodying such a principle, is offered to a great flourish of trumpets; and, in the absence of anything else of a positive character, may be taken as the whole Ministerial programme for the coming session of Parliament. Better be negative altogether than to be in such a position.

In regard to our public School System, the position of Ministers, both for themselves and for the country, is quite as bad. The Separate School Bill of last Session, had been carried in its original form, as introduced by the Government, would have exempted the Supporters of Separate Schools from the payment of any Municipal School tax, while it would have made the Municipal School Fund chargeable with the support and maintenance of Separate Schools, or in other words—while it would have relieved Roman Catholic Separate Schools, from the payment of any tax to the general school fund, it would have compelled Protestants to pay a tax to support Roman Catholic Separate Schools! This Bill the Government introduced into and carried through the Upper House. The force of public opinion alone compelled them to modify it in the Lower House. Bishop Charbonnel, in his recent Pastoral letters, declares his intention to still demand all they attempted to obtain by this Bill. He goes so far as to anathematize every man who does not labor to aid him in securing that demand; and the better to enforce his bill, denounces as guilty of "mortal sin," every Roman Catholic who sends his child to a mixed school! We do not believe a majority of even the present corrupt Upper Canadian Ministerial members of the Legislature can be found to sanction such arrogance. In this dilemma Ministers may be very much like the man between the two stools. A strangle is inevitable. The Bishop has chosen his time well. He knows his men, and has already measured their strength. We trust, however, the country will repudiate both him and them.

Turning to subjects of a commercial character, we have the proposed Ontario and Huron Ship Canal—a project of the most important character; yet, as on other subjects, on this the government is without a policy. Montreal, Belleville and Toronto, all stand as claimants in the enjoyment of the advantage to be derived from being made the outlet of this great work. Of the necessity for the early construction of the work, not few can be found who entertain any doubt. Of its practicability, recent surveys furnish sufficient evidence. Yet not a word do we find in its favor from those whose care the interests of the country are at present confided; on the contrary, one of the chief organs at least has uniformly opposed and even ridiculed the whole project.

Looking over the whole ground of general legislation; we find the Government—practically formed to give effect to the people's wishes—occupying in every respect a negative position. In regard to matters of a mere local nature, we doubt not they will be found aiding their supporters, securing them personal favor, and receiving in return that support which should only be rendered on the ground of the highest public good. Already it is announced that the member of the first riding of this County, J. W. Gumble, Esq., will be provided for by separating the Registry of the County from that of the city. Notices appear in the *Gazette*, of applications to the Government for some 70 or 80 Private and Local Acts—all tending, more or less, to bring the applicants under obligations to the Government. Of this kind of work no doubt there will be plenty.

What the strength, numerically speaking, of the Opposition will be in the coming Session is impossible to say. Strong hopes have been indulged in that the removal of the main prop of the Coalition, Mr. Hincks, will liberate many of his followers from the slavery in which he seemed to hold them. We do not very strongly entertain this hope; but there is evidently good ground to believe that some, at least, of the Hincksite section of the Ministerial party have found out their error, and will not in future sustain the Ministry. Mr. McNaughton's exposure of the working of the Commutation Cheat is very opportune. It so completely justifies all that was predicted of it by the Opposition, that it cannot fail to add to their strength. We hope to see the matter thoroughly sifted by a Parliamentary enquiry.

S. of T. Soires, Aurora.

Pursuant to announcement the S. of T. of Whitchurch Division held their Anniversary Soiree on Wednesday evening the 29th ult. An excellent hall was furnished in the Temperance Hall, after which the Assembly adjourned to the Wesleyan Methodist Church, where speeches were delivered.

Mr. Wm. Western, W. P. of the Division, occupied the Chair. On the Platform we observed Joseph Hartman, Esq., M. P., Dr. Geikie, P. Pearson, Esq., Rgt. Mr. Caswell and Rev. Mr. Kershaw.

The Chairman called upon the Rev. Mr. Caswell to open this part of the entertainment with singing and prayer; after which the secretary read letters of apology for non-attendance from several eminent speakers, who had been expected present to address the meeting.

The chairman then said, this was the first time for him to be placed in the position he found himself this evening. The meeting known perfectly well, the object which had brought them together. The question of Prohibitory Liquor Law was one that at the present time was pretty generally agitated and he hoped to see the day when such a measure would be adopted for Canada. (Hear.

hear.) He knew there were some who objected to prohibition; but they do not consider the thousands who are living in misery through the traffic. The editor of the *Leader* was one who opposed the Law, and only the other day he observed that in preparing a petition adopted by the friends of a prohibitory liquor law in Toronto, and designating parties who advocated the enactment of such a measure. The *Leader*, also said there, that not a subject of accommodation; the Chairman thought if they had a Prohibitory Liquor Law, there would be quite sufficient room in the present building to classify the prisoners; and ergotically the jail would be to let. The chairman then called upon Mr. P. Pearson, to address the meeting.

Mr. Pearson, on rising said, he understood from some of the friends present that the meeting was to be addressed by several eminent gentlemen. "Now," he declared, "I would not be considered such by this assembly. In fact he came to listen and not to speak." While sitting upon the platform, too, he understood that his good friend Mr. Caswell was to deliver two of the speeches of these eminent gentlemen, and his friend Dr. Geikie, three. He therefore thought it altogether impracticable in him to take up their time, in talking to them, he could see many old faces present who had been with him in this good cause for a number of years, and they knew he could not be considered one of the "eminent gentlemen," and he would therefore take his seat and give place to others.

Chair—Temperance Ode.
The Chairman said he felt very much disappointed at Mr. Pearson. He was sorry to see an old veteran back out in that manner. He would like to ask, what would the young recruits at Sebastopol have done had they seen the old soldiers retreating? He however thought Mr. Pearson would yet come out when he got warmed. The chairman then introduced Rev. Mr. Kershaw to the assembly.

Mr. Kershaw commenced by saying, he also felt a little disappointed, and was afraid his speech would resemble one he had heard of in the old country. In first place it was a soothing speech; secondly, it was a moving speech; and, thirdly, it was a satisfactory speech. It was soothing, from the fact, that shortly after he commenced a number went to sleep; it was moving, for, some, after listening awhile, got up and left; and it was satisfactory, for those that stayed resolved never to go and hear him again. There was this difference in the case, —all the "Eminent gentlemen" had yet to address the assembly, and he hoped therefore, his speech would not be a moving one in the case referred to. The cause the meeting had met to advance was total abstinence. Intemperance was a great evil;—it was a sin against society. God had endowed man with reason; that power which raised him above a level with the brute. If we consider the time that is wasted—spent around the tap room, what might the so do if it was spent in obtaining something for his family. It was a sin against reason, because man is a social being and lives for the benefit of others. Every man ought to administer his quota to society, for the public good. If the inebriate would spend his money in bringing up his family properly—educating his children, and thus prepare them to act their part in the world, he would be doing something for society.

The Chairman then in a very happy manner, introduced the Rev. Mr. Caswell to the meeting.

Mr. Caswell on rising stated, he expected several gentlemen of known ability to have been present to deliver addresses on this occasion, besides those on the platform. For himself, although not one of the "eminent gentlemen" the meeting had heard of, he would make a few remarks and leave the subject to others. The cause they had met this night to support he felt to be a great one; in fact he did not think there was any question before the public at the present time, of the same importance, (hear, hear.) The Government of the country gave good satisfaction; and the only thing wrong was, our fair country had a great good-bolsom upon it. He hoped the time would soon come that would free us from the evils of the drinking community. He was extremely sorry that a Maine Law was not passed in the Assembly last session; and he looked upon the course pursued by the Government at that time, as insulting to the country. From the time that measure was hoisted in the Assembly intemperance had been alarmingly on the increase, and parties who once stood side by side in this good cause, were now indulging in intoxicating drinks. They do not look upon the traffic with the same degree of hatred they did formerly; and if the energies of the temperance community were not exerted, hundreds and thousands of our fellow men would be dragged into the drinking usages of society. The Rev. Gentleman then referred to the struggles now going on in the United States on the slavery question; but he considered the slavery of the mind—the debasing of all those powers God had given to for the purpose of elevating man to a higher and more noble sphere far more to be deplored. He then asked, shall this curse be perpetuated? Shall we impose upon our children the evils with which we are now afflicted? If we could have drawn up before us, in a procession, all the unhappy victims of the traffic, what an appalling spectacle would be presented! He thought in consideration of these things, that the temperance community should go forward with renewed energy, to suppress the evil; and by so doing the country would be free from the baneful effects of intemperance. (Applause.)

Chair—"The child's Lament."
The Chairman then said he had great pleasure in introducing Joseph Hartman, Esq., to the meeting.

Mr. Hartman, on rising, was greeted with applause. He commenced by referring to the first organization of a temperance society in that locality 15 years ago. They had heard of temperance societies in the neighboring Republic, and the truth that something might be done specially to suppress the evils of a few. At first it was only a whisper of a movement; however, they mustered courage, and in the first society was formed. At the first meeting 50 names were obtained, and he believed the number increased to 80 at the second meeting. About the time they received notice from those opposed to their public discussion. This challenge was accepted; but (he said) he had confidence that they would succeed. At last, a date was fixed for the public discussion, to take place,—meanwhile, however, the temperance society had sent to Toronto and got a couple of speakers for the purpose, and they resorted to a public discussion of the gold cause. (Applause.) At that time we were almost buried for a long time in a snow storm. In looking around, he could see but few in that audience who were with them then; but the seed sown was good, and it was now bringing forth fruit. (Hear, hear.) During that 15 years there had been great changes; some had broken that pledge, others had grown up and were fair people to look upon. Mr. Hartman then related a circumstance, he had heard of that day, which frequented the village of Barwick. A number of individuals in that locality, since respectable and several of them having good education, had been reduced to penury and wandering through the temperance habits. Last week, while three of them were under the shed belonging to a hotel one said to the other, "I shall never drink another drop; will you join with me?" They said, "yes," and the result was, in two days they had a society formed of about 30 members. (Hear, hear.) He related this circumstance, because it was cheering to the friends of the cause. He had been looking about to see what material the audience was composed of, and as the greater portion of the assembly was composed of ladies, he would not be afraid to take such liberties, and move the whole country. True, they had not power to vote, but they had an influence over their husbands and their brothers, and they could petition the Legislature. A prohibitory Liquor Law would specially benefit them as a class, and it was necessary, therefore, that they should move in the matter. No one denied that intemperance was a great evil; and the only question that arose, was in reference to what should be the remedy. "It was for the people to say at their firesides—in their closets, and at public meetings," he believed that four-fifths had already decided that a prohibitory Liquor Law was the only remedy. (Hear, hear.) Mr. Hartman then related the various changes observable in the faces of members of the Legislature during the time the Bill was under discussion in the assembly. At first members opposed to the law, would put on a broad grin, when anything was said in reference to it; but when some gentleman would get up and present a petition from the constituency represented by that individual, his face would soon present an altered appearance. (Hear, hear.) The speaker then referred to the fact, that from all the information he could gather a majority of those now engaged in the traffic, would readily sign for a prohibitory liquor law; and concluded by, expressing the hope that such a Law as the people demanded would be adopted at the next session. (Applause.)

The Chairman next introduced Dr. Geikie to the meeting.

Dr. Geikie stated he would not detain the audience by a lengthy speech at that hour of the night; but as he had been called upon he would make a few remarks. He always regarded the traffic with a horror, and believed the evil to be a gigantic one, which required a gigantic effort to overcome. The speaker then related a circumstance which transpired some little time ago in the Township of Tecumseh. A poor man had gone home in a state of intoxication, soon after he appeared to have fallen asleep, and then tumbled from his chair upon the burning coals. On the arrival of the speaker with the Coroner, he found the poor man nearly burnt to a cinder. The sight was most appalling, and could never be effaced from his memory. He also referred to another case where a man had been frozen to death near Lloydstown. These were facts that had come under his own observation during the short time he had resided in this part of the country. Both of these men had large families depending upon them for support. It is in such cases as these that we see the horrors of the traffic in all its deformity. He took it to be a horror to be connected with so good a cause; (hear, hear) and he was glad that this constituency had elected a man to the legislature favorable to the movement. Dr. Geikie concluded by expressing the hope that all would unite in endeavoring to procure a liquor law. (Applause.)

Chair—"Temperance Ode."
The Chairman then called upon Peter Pearson, Esq., to again address the meeting. He did not think that gentleman had scarcely done his duty.

Mr. Pearson arose amid applause. He commenced by saying he was sorry he had not went on and said at first what he intended to say, for now everything had been said he thought necessary. However, he would just refer to a movement now being made to obtain signatures to a Maine Law Petition. The Landing, Newmarket, Sharon and Whitchurch Divisions were uniting, with a determination to engage some one to canvass this constituency for signatures; and he hoped that every man, woman and child, that could write, would sign the Petition. He would like to see the wives, mothers and daughters of this community, taking up the matter. He believed, with his friend Hartman, that the ladies could do a great deal; and he should like to see them at the head of the procession, when the ladies and run-drinkers of the present generation passed off, intemperance would cease. (Applause.)

A resolution was proposed by Rev. Mr. Caswell, seconded by Mr. P. Pearson, "that this meeting is decidedly in favor of a Prohibitory Liquor Law." Carried unanimously. A resolution was also passed giving a vote of thanks to the Choir. "This they well deserved. The meeting then adjourned.

The speeches have been very much curtailed, the above being merely a synopsis of the remarks made by the gentlemen who addressed the meeting. Whitchurch Division deserves credit for the manner in which the whole business of the evening was conducted.

Letters from Vienna state that General Mouravieff is to take the command in the Crimea, where it is hoped the prestige of his success will be more useful to Russia than in Asia. A high command in the north of the empire is assigned to Prince Gortschakoff.

From the crowded state of our columns, we are unable to give a lengthened report of the proceedings of a public meeting held in the Court House, on Saturday last, to receive the report of the Committee in reference to the incorporation of Newmarket.

The meeting organized by calling Mr. H. Smith Esq. to the chair, and appointing Mr. E. Jackson as Secretary.

The Chairman stated the first business of the meeting was to receive the Report of the Committee. The Secretary then read the following REPORT.

Of the Committee appointed to enquire into and report upon the propriety of procuring an Act of Incorporation for the village of Newmarket.

The Committee appointed for the above purpose met pursuant to notice given, and after choosing Dr. Pyrie, Chairman, and appointing Mr. E. Jackson Secretary, proceeded to take such steps as they deemed expedient for a proper organization and thorough canvass of the place.

Your Committee suggest, that the boundaries of the proposed incorporation be as follows: Commencing at the northwesterly corner of Whitchurch and run east upon the town line between said township of Whitchurch and the township of East Gwillimbury to the middle of the 1st concession, thence south 20 rods more or less, to the line fence of George Loun, thence east to the 2nd concession, thence south to the middle of the 2nd concession, thence along the middle of the 2nd concession, to Whitchurch, thence south, parallel with Yonge Street, to the line between lots No. 21 and 22, thence west parallel with the town line to Yonge Street, thence along Yonge Street north to the place of beginning. This would give the proposed incorporation an area of about 1,200 acres. It will be obvious that your Committee have endeavored to include as little territory as possible to secure the requisite number of inhabitants and electors.

Your Committee find that most of those opposed to an incorporation of the place do so through an apprehension that the taxes of the locality will be very much augmented. In order to set this matter at rest, your Committee have ascertained that the Act incorporating the place may contain a special provision, that the Municipal Councils shall not levy more than any fixed sum voted upon and confirmed for, without a special vote of the qualified electors in said Corporation; and your Committee would recommend the amount as at present pay to be fixed as the maximum. In proof that the Act may contain the special provision referred to, they refer to an Act passed 10th August 1850.

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Several additional explosions in the Sebastopol docks had taken place. No markets quoted. The docks are now almost destroyed and France and England reserve one dock as a trophy.

The *Invincible* Russia publishes a telegraph from General Gortschakoff, saying that a party of French warships, which claimed to prevent being seen on the snow, advanced by night and surprised Baidar, bayoneted the outposts and retreated when the Russian reserve came up.

Sweden continues warlike preparations. The Copenhagen official journals deny the existence of any circular repudiating the Swedish alliance on the part of Denmark. St. Petersburg letters say that Marshal Paskewitch has been ordered to make a journey to the Emperor to make peace. He would not have given the order to Nicholas, whose battles he had fought, but to the young Emperor, who had no hand in raising the war, he urged the policy of peace.

The French Council of War continues its sittings at Paris. Two commissioners, one for the army, and the other the navy, are appointed to prepare a report. Admiral Lyons and Gen. Canrobert, are the members for the army, and Admiral Dundas and Gen. Neill, for the navy.

There had been a discussion on the withdrawal of the Allied force from the Crimea, only retaining Kamiesh, Eupatoria and Balaklava, and making a campaign up the River of the Southern Province of Russia. The Admirals opposed the plan, inasmuch as it would take six months to move the material of the present campaign from the Crimea.

A Danzig letter says the American ship *Washington*, that lay all the summer at Copenhagen, had landed her cargo on the ice, and conveyed it on sleighs into Riga.

Constantinople intelligence of the 7th reports Muravieff advancing in Asia. His advanced posts are within three hours' march of Erzerum.

Osman Pacha's troops have begun to arrive at Trebizond. The Egyptian contingent has already embarked for Trebizond.

The Turkish Government has published an account of the fall of Kars, tending to throw the entire responsibility on Osman Pacha. He is said to have defended himself at Constantinople; but Summons finding himself supplanted there, had gone to England.

The President's message is, of course, variously commented upon. The general opinion is favorable. No one here anticipates a rupture between the two countries.

Hon. Henry Goulbourn, ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer, is dead. By his death, the Chancellorship passed of two thousand pounds each.

The fourth consignment of machinery for the Government small arm factory was landed at Woolwich on the 11th, from Robbins & Lawrence, Hudson's River, N.Y.

There was a great review at Paris of troops from the Crimea, on the 12th, when the Duke of Cambridge in the name of Queen Victoria, presented the British Crimean medal to 1400 French troops.

A panic reigned in the markets. Liverpool Breadstuffs—From S. & Co. and others quote a considerable decline in Broadstuffs. Flour unquoted and dull; declined 2s 6d, not able to give accurate quotations.

Richardson quotes Eastern Canal 40s 5d a 41s. Ohio 42s a 43s; Western 41 lower and still tending downwards, with a dull market; White Wheat 11s 6d a 11s 7d; Red 10s 6d a 10s 9d. Corn dull, and prices declining. Wheat to 44s 6d; yellow 42s mixed 44 6d. Most other authorities quote Flour 1s 6d a 1s 6d under the above quotations.

Provisions considerably declined; quotations nominal. Consols closed 89 1/8; 89 1/2, with a steady market. All Europeans are participating in the advance. American stock dull.

Fig.—The following facts in relation to the fire at Bradford, we clip from the *Chronicle*: About noon, on Saturday last, a fire broke out in the new frame buildings recently erected by Mr. St. Clair, on the corner of Holland and Barrie streets. There being no fire engine in the village, and a strong breeze from the north-west, the fire quickly spread to the stores below, and communicated to the buildings on the other side of the street. Seventeen stores and dwelling houses were destroyed, occupied by the following parties:—viz. Messrs W. D. Burn, Chemist and Druggist, G. Palmer, clock and watch-maker; McMaster, general store; John Evans, general store; G. & B. Barnard, general store; Henry Thompson, saddler; Wm. Trotter, clothing store; also an unoccupied store adjoining, belonging to Mr. Trotter. The carpenters were still at work on Mr. St. Clair's buildings, which were of course burned down. These were all on the north side of Holland street. On the south side, the buildings destroyed were—store occupied by Mr. Barry, boot and shoe warehouse; a large new store adjoining, recently finished, owned by Messrs. Barnard; two cottages occupied by Mr. St. Trotter; a dwelling house occupied by Messrs. Manbiny and the Halford; Mr. Wallis's dwelling house. The saddler's shop of the latter was pulled down, which stayed the progress of the flames. The total loss of property is estimated at from £15,000 to £20,000; the insurance on the whole being slight.

NEWMARKET MARKETS
Newmarket, Feb. 6th, 1886.
Our market has undergone a great change since last week. Fall Wheat has declined to 6s 6d, a 6s 6d and Spring Wheat to 5s 9d a 5s 9d. Flour is the ruling prices. Oats 4s 3d a 4s 3d. Potatoes 2s 4d a 2s 4d. Butter 1s 3d per lb. Cheese 9s a 10s. Pork 6s a 7s per 100 lbs. Hay 1s a 1s per ton.

TORONTO MARKETS.
Toronto, Feb. 7th, 1886.
The Market continues dull and prices have been declining steadily since the note by the 1st inst. Wheat continues about 7s 7d a 7s 7d. Flour, 34s a 34s for superfine, and very little has been seen for a long time. Very few quotations without material change. Speculators are not desirous of making contracts.

THE NEW ERA.

PUBLISHED FRIDAY, FEB. 8, 1855.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The Superintendent's Report for the week ending Jan. 29th, of the O. & N. H. Railroad, shows a decrease of \$15,762.10, or more, above the corresponding week of last year. Total amount received from the various sources of revenue \$43,550.50.

A Tea Meeting will be held in the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Newmarket, on Wednesday the 13th inst. Tea will be served at 5 o'clock p.m., after which, several addresses will be delivered. Rev. Mr. Williams and others are expected present.

The Holland Landing Lyceum gave a grand Promenade Concert, on Tuesday evening last. We notice among the talent on the occasion were Prof. Rathbone of Newmarket and our old friend Prof. Chubb of Barrie. In consequence of making improvements in our present location we were unable to attend, but we saw in a most brilliant affair. The proceeds will be devoted towards purchasing a Library for the Lyceum.

Continued.—In the letter we published the 25th January from Mr. David, Wilson, were few wrong words printed. In the third line it should read "cause of devotion" instead of "glorification" and in the fifth line from the commencement read "one party" instead of "eat party." Also in the last line, read "draw" instead of "show" the whole word.

A piece of Poetry from Mr. Wilson has been unavoidably crowded out.

We publish elsewhere in to-day's issue the report of the Governor of the Jail of the United Counties. Although this report is clear and concise, there is yet another item which should have been taken cognizance of and that is, should state how many of these 1416 have been sent by the City and how many by the Counties. It is an undeniable fact, the officials connected with the city have always studiously avoided showing what proportion belongs to the county; while we have to pay the shot! It is to be hoped that the Council will take such steps as will place this matter in its proper light before the public intelligent.

We hear a good deal of complaining that the Town Line between East Gwillimbury and Whitby has not been opened. It would certainly be a great accommodation to the people in the easterly portion of both Townships were it to be done. We speak of this road independent of local feeling in the matter; but while we would advocate the opening of the Town Line, we should also like to see a plank or gravel road leading from Mount Albert to Newmarket, by way of Sharon, and believe there are capitalists in this neighborhood ready to subscribe liberally for Stock, should a company be formed with that end in view. So far as we can learn, the feeling here is, to have a Road to Birchland-town; and the people care but little whether it be the Town Line or through Eastville. It remains, therefore, for the people of Birchland-town to take the initiative steps, to secure the travel upon the most popular as well as convenient line.

Birth. On the 26th ult., at Youngstown, N. Y., Mr. Jas. Marshall, of a son.

Married. On the 2nd inst., at Newmarket, by Elder H. H. Wilson, Elder Jesse Tatton of North Gwillimbury, to Miss Dacy Graham, eldest daughter of Jeremiah Graham, Esq., of East Gwillimbury.

Died. On the 31st ult., at the residence of Mr. Samuel Brook, Holland Landing, Samuel Charles, son of Mr. Thos. J. Brook, of Lindsay, aged 6 years, 3 months and 17 days.

Special Notices. BRILLIANT DISCOVERY.—Dr. J. McCracken's "Whispering Cough Remedy" and his "Diarrhoea Cure" can be very truly termed family guardians. "Whispering Cough, Croup, and also Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery and Summer Complaints at once yield to the powerful neutralizing properties of these great antidotes. They are tried prescriptions, called for by an immense and successful practice by the founder of Philadelphia College of Medicine Sold by

D. SUTHERLAND. THE BRONCHITIS or LIPS or Good Health and Broyant Spirit; but, in case of Dysentery, Indigestion, and their trials of Mr. J. McCracken's "Diarrhoea Cure" gives immediate relief, creates an appetite, and assists digestion. His "Whispering Cough Remedy" is the best and most reliable for Purifying the Blood, Eradicating Impurities, Bloods, Scrofula, and all kinds of Taint from the System, and producing a healthy and blooming appearance. Sold by

D. SUTHERLAND.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. CORNER OF MILL & MAIN STS. NEWMARKET.

SAMUEL HADDOUSE respectfully thanks his friends and customers for the liberal support he has received since commencing business, and trusts, from the quality of his work and attention to his customers, to be favored with a continuance of the same. A variety of

Sofas, Bureaus, Tables, Bedsteads, &c., &c., always on hand. Orders for all kinds of Cabinet work punctually attended to.

Furnishings furnished on short notice. Coffin Plates, Lids and Handles for sale. February 5th, 1855.

GEORGE B. HUTCHCROFT, Wagon, Carriage & Sleigh Maker, Main Street Newmarket. All Orders executed with Despatch. Newmarket, Feb. 6th, 1855.

NOTICE. It is hereby given, that all ACCOUNTS due to the publisher must be paid on or before the 1st of March next, to save cost, and all claims not so paid to be presented immediately.

GEORGE LLOYD, Advertiser. Aurora, Feb. 7, 1855.

NOTICE. It is hereby given that all debts due or becoming due to the estate of the late THOMAS ELWOOD DAVIS, late of the Township of Ashbridge, and all claims against said estate are to be settled with JOHN W. DAVIS, Administrator. Feb. 2nd, 1855.

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FARM FOR SALE.

BEING the East Half of Lot No. 58, in the 4th con. of the Township of King, Eighty Acres of which are cleared and under an excellent state of cultivation. The soil is of superior quality, and for a long time engaged in farming for profit. It is a rare chance for a person desiring to grow Wheat and grain generally, as well known. There are about 20 acres of Wheat, carefully put in, included. There is also the place of a

Two Frame Barns, Sheds, Stables, as GRANERY. Also a fine young ORCHARD, and a good Dwelling House, unfinished. The farm is well watered the year round.

For terms and particulars apply on the premises. ROBERT BOYD. King, Feb. 7, 1855.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Aurora Post Office, Feb. 1st, 1855.

| | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| Allen John | Long P |
| Bobcock Wesley | Lundy J. C. |
| Baldwin W. | Minar John |
| Brown George | Maxwell Robert |
| Crake Thomas | Macdonald Robert |
| Conlin John | McPherson Thomas |
| Clubb John | Patrick Thomas |
| Dafu Mrs Ann | Reid William |
| Graham Wm | Shelton John |
| Hacking Mary | Smith J. T. |
| Harris Colin | Townsend Charles |
| Hollingshead J. J. | White George |
| James Eli | Winn John |
| John John | White Allen |
| Kumey Peter | |

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Newmarket Post Office Feb. 1st, 1855.

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Blake William | McElroy Miss E. |
| Bullough Augustus | McGill Mary |
| Miller Rev. John | McIntyre John |
| Blackburn John | McPherson Peter |
| Bullock George | Percival Ransom H. |
| Canavan Miss Margaret | Sister James |
| Fenton Michael | Shaver, Esq. N. |
| Fuller Daniel | Stocks William |
| Fisher Hodgson | Weddel Calvin |
| Fitzgerald Mary | Wood Samuel |
| Gordon J. F. | Welch Benjamin |
| Hickey James S. | |

WHEAT! WHEAT!!

50,000 Bushels Wheat wanted at Newmarket Mills, far which the highest price will be paid in Cash for Merchantable Wheat.

JOSEPH BOGART. Newmarket, Jan. 29th, 1855.

FOR SALE.

WEST HALF of Lot No. 33 in the 6th Concession of the Township of East Gwillimbury, containing 100 acres of excellent land. The whole lot is well timbered, and there is also a very general supply of water. The soil is well adapted for growing wheat and other descriptions of grain. There is about 14 acres of swamp upon the lot. For terms and other particulars, apply to the subscriber, Newland.

J. G. DIXON, E. BIRCHARD. East Gwillimbury, Jan. 7th, 1855.

FOR SALE.

48 Acres of land being Part Lot 12 on the Town Line of King, six miles west of Newmarket, for particulars apply to David Haden, New King, in the fifth concession on Lot No. 32. King, Jan. 26, 1855.

JAMES LEISHMAN,

North West Corner of King and Yonge Streets Toronto.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

IMPOINTER OF Clothes, Cassimeres, Vestings, Dry Goods, &c., &c.

Ready-Made Clothing.

Men's Winter Coats, Men's Winter Trowsers, Boys' Winter Coats, Boys' Winter Trowsers, Boys' Winter Vests.

WATERPROOF COATS.

AND CAPES of the best quality and sizes. Toronto, Jan. 22, 1855.

\$25 Reward.

STRAYED, from the Premises of the subscriber, a Light BAY HORSE Six years old, with shaggy tail and light mane and forelock, the mane and forelock being well filled with flaxen hair. Also, a BROWN OIL, one year old last fall. Any person returning said horse, or horse and cart, will be entitled to the above Reward.

L. H. GROVER. Newmarket, Jan. 24, 1855.

\$10 Reward.

LOST, on the 15th inst., a Leather Pocket Book containing \$20 in cash and a Note of Hand drawn by Robert Cattle in favor of the subscriber, dated between 20th and 30th of November last. The public are cautioned against receiving said Note. The above reward will be paid to any person who leaves the property at this office, or manufactory of John James & Co.

JOHN RYNDRESS. Newmarket, Jan. 24, 1855.

FOR SALE.

THE Undersigned offers for sale three valuable Mills, and Mill Privileges, known as

Bogart's Mills, Situated in and of the best Agricultural settlements in Canada, and within Two Miles of Newmarket. For further Particulars apply to

JOHN W. DAVIS, Administrator. Feb. 2nd, 1855.

Great Bargains,

AT HOLLAND LANDING.

Positively Selling Off at Cost,

And Giving up Business!

W. J. MARSH, of the late firm of HARRISON & MARSH, will sell his Large Stock of GOODS at cost price for cash, as he is giving up business, being about to leave this part of the country. Parties wishing to buy Cheap Goods will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

W. J. M. is prepared to pay the Highest Market Price in

Cash for Wheat. Holland Landing, Jan. 22, 1855.

TOWNSHIP NOTICE.

IN accordance with the provisions of By-Law number 43 of the Municipality of the Township of Whitby, I hereby give notice that the Municipal Council of said Township will meet at Sangster's Inn, Southville, on Monday, the 11th day of February next, at 10 o'clock, a.m., when applicants to keep Houses of Public Entertainment, where intoxicating liquors are to be sold, will be required to furnish the names of their sublettees; said application to be by petition.

J. W. COLLINS, Town Clerk. Whitby, Jan. 22, 1855.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR Sale, Lot No. 28, in the 8th con. of Whitby, containing 200 Acres; about Ten of which are cleared, and a good Log House, erected thereon. The farm is well watered, and is timbered enough upon it to supply a steam saw mill for five years. For particulars apply to Mr. J. HOUTHEE, Newmarket, or to the subscriber on the adjoining Lot.

ROBT. HASTY. Whitby, Jan. 18, 1855.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale part of Lot No. 28, in the 8th con. of Whitby, consisting of 50 ACRES OF EXCELLENT LAND. 23 Acres are cleared and fenced, and a stream of water runs through the premises. For particulars apply on view to lot to

SAMUEL B. SIDDONS. Whitby, Jan. 16, 1855.

CASH FOR WHEAT.

20,000 BUSHELS Wanted at Kettleby Mills, for which the highest Market Price will be paid, for first-rate quality.

J. CULVERWELL. Kettleby, Jan. 24, 1855.

Furniture Warehouse.

JOHN BENZ, SHARON. HAS constantly on hand, a large assortment of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Bed Rooms and Mahogany Sideboards, Bureaus, Sofas, Tables, Chairs, and all other articles usually wanted in his line of business. Particulars of his stock and prices, in his Picture Frames, always on hand.

Coffins furnished on Short Notice. Sharon, Jan. 16th, 1855.

For Sale.

LARGE Mare and 1 large Horse. Both good in double or single harness. Apply to the subscriber, on Lot No. 23, in the 4th con. of Whitby.

Wm H. DUMOND. Whitby, Jan. 10th, 1855.

GLENNVILLE MILLS.

THE Undersigned having purchased the above Property, respectfully informs the farming community and the public in general, that he intends putting the

SAW MILL. In first-rate running order, as soon as the weather will permit, so that he will be able to saw all the LOGS that may be brought to his mill. He also will have a competent person to oversee the same, in order to give general satisfaction.

JAMES CULVERWELL. Kettleby Mills, King, Jan. 9, 1855.

J. W. MILLAR,

Chronometer, Watch & Clock Maker, 80, Yonge-st., two doors north of Adelaide Street, TORONTO.

GOLD and Silver Watches,

Bracelets, Bangles, Chains, Rings, Brooches, Ear-rings, Lockets, &c., &c., CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

American Clocks in great variety of styles. Jewellery usually repaired at the lowest rates. Toronto, Jan. 8, 1855.

The Prairie Blossom.

A New Brand of Honey Dew Plug Tobacco, Manufactured from the best Virginia Leaf. Price 13¢ per lb.

Sold only in Toronto, by THOS. BROWN & CO., 47, Yonge Street, 3 doors North of King-st.

Newmarket Steam Mills.

BRING IN SAW LOGS. THE Undersigned respectfully announces that having his Engine for a

STEAM SAW MILL. On the spot, and all the Machinery completed; also having made arrangements with Mr. Woodward, a very competent Engineer, to put it in operation, he is prepared to saw the logs that may be brought to him, to the amount of 3,000, or as large a lot of Pine as will suit some unforeseen circumstance, at short notice.

O. FORD. Newmarket, Dec. 29, 1855.

HOTEL DE L'EUROPE.

No. 36, Front Street, Toronto, Opposite the City Hall.

Kept by DAVID KLEIN. STABLES and Sheds to accommodate travellers. Meals served at all hours. This house is comfortably furnished in the latest style.

Provincial Insurance Company,

OF TORONTO, C. W. 1853.

Subscribed Capital, \$100,000.

Paid up Cash, \$50,000.

J. S. HENNING, President.

DIRECTORS.

| | |
|--|----------------------------|
| J. H. Haver, Esq., M.D. | W. L. Parnell, Esq. |
| Hon. J. C. G. Macdonald, Esq. | Hon. J. L. Macdonald, Esq. |
| George H. Haver, Esq. | W. W. Campbell, Esq. |
| J. S. Haver, Esq. | Dr. G. H. Haver, Esq. |
| J. G. Brown, Esq. | C. O. Jones, Esq. |
| Managers, Messrs. Haver, Macdonald, Campbell, Brown, Jones, & Co., Agents. | |

Robt Spratt, Esq., Secretary. E. H. Wainwright, Esq., General Agent.

Toronto—City Bank of Montreal, New York—Messrs. Duncan, Sherman & Co. FIRE Insurance business generally, as well as Marine Agency, as well as at the Head Office.

Head Office—Toronto Street, Toronto. G. L. STEVENSON, Agent at Aurora.

CHAS. SIBBALD, Agent at Newmarket.

NEW Tailoring Establishment.

THE Undersigned respectfully intimates to the inhabitants of Newmarket and surrounding country, that he has lately opened a new gentleman's TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

In the building lately occupied by Mr. Hoffman, on Main Street, and as the business is supported by himself personally, he feels confident of giving satisfaction. All work warranted as to neatness and durability.

Cutting done on short notice and warranted to fit. W. J. PRENTICE. Newmarket, Dec. 20, 1855.

Wheat Wanted!

50,000 Bushels of Wheat Wanted, for which the highest price will be paid in Cash at the Aurora Station.

CHAS. DOAN. Aurora, Dec. 6th, 1855.

FARMERS!

THIS Newmarket Factory is in complete working order and prepared to do Custom Cloth Dressing promptly and in a workmanlike manner.

W. A. CLARK, Agent.

IF YOU WANT GENUINE

CANADIAN-made Cloths, Blankets, and Flannels, select materials, and warranted to give perfect satisfaction, come to the Newmarket Factory and buy.

W. A. CLARK, Agent.

LADIES.

Our Industries habits will find a beautiful assortment of knitting yarn at the Newmarket Factory.

No. 2 1/2 lb. 35¢ per lb. No. 3 1/2 lb. 30¢ per lb. No. 4 1/2 lb. 25¢ per lb. Superior 50¢ per lb. W. A. CLARK, Agent.

ALL KINDS of produce taken in exchange for goods, or in payment of cash, at the Newmarket Factory.

W. A. CLARK, Agent. Newmarket, Dec. 18, 1855.

FISH! FISH! FISH!

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public that having made arrangements with parties in Collingwood he will be prepared to supply fresh Fish throughout the season to those who may require the same.

THOMAS NIXON. Newmarket, Dec. 5, 1855.

Fresh Oysters,

IN CAN, REG. OR SHILL. FRESH Oysters Received Daily by the subscriber. Orders from Country, dealers punctually attended to.

JOHN WALSH, At M. Davis. Newmarket, Nov. 28, 1855.

Mrs. & Misses HUGH,

BERLIN WOOL, AND FANCY ESTABLISHMENT, Wholesale and Retail.

Next Door to the Railroad Hotel, MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET.

BEG to acquaint the Ladies of Newmarket and the public generally with the surrounding country, that they have opened a NEW STORE, in a building which will be found convenient, both USEFUL AND ORNAMENTAL.

They solicit an early inspection, being to numerous to describe, such as Berlin Wool, Battons, Dry Goods, Millinery, Perfumery, Stationery, &c., &c., a very large assortment of Children's Dresses, Hoods, Shoes, Mitts, &c., &c.

EMBROIDERY, BRAIDING & PINKING. In every Style made to order.

Miss & Misses H. having concluded the above Business successfully for many years in Toronto, trust by their united efforts to give general satisfaction and merit a share of public patronage.

Y. B. London given in every description of fancy work. Newmarket, Nov. 1st, 1855.

BEACON

Life and Fire Assurance Company, London. Capital—£150,000.

THE Undersigned respectfully informs the inhabitants of Newmarket and its vicinity that he has recently been appointed Agent for the above named Company, and is prepared to transact every description of Life and Fire Assurance business. Rates reasonable, and losses promptly adjusted and paid at the Canada Office Kingston, C. W., without delay.

O. FORD. Newmarket, Nov. 22nd, 1855.

Just Received and for Sale,

BUFFALO ROBES, AND RUBBERS, BOOTS, BOOM PAPER, AMERICAN SALT, SHOOTING, ROBERT H. SMITH. Newmarket, Nov. 13th, 1855.

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

THE Subscriber has to inform the inhabitants of East Gwillimbury, and the public generally, that he has commenced business at

DRY GOODS, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Clothing, Bunnies, &c. India Rubbers, Boots and Shoes, of all descriptions. All of which he has spared no pains in selecting, and has purchased them from the Cheapest Markets—and marked them at such prices as cannot fail to give general satisfaction.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES. JOHN W. EDMOND. Sharon, Nov. 1st, 1855.

T. H. BURROUGHS,

English, French and American, Fancy Bread and Biscuit Baker, PAstry Cook and CONFECTIONER.

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Newmarket and its vicinity, that he has commenced business in the above line, on Main Street, (near the Printing Office) and hopes by strict attention, to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Amusement Corner.

Lord Cakes.—What is it makes iced cakes, Mick?

"Oh! Larry, but it's that's stupid." "They bake them in a cold oven, to be sure."

"Mr. Brown, I owe you a grudge, remember that!" "I shall not be frightened, then, for I never knew you to pay anything you owed."

"They don't make such good mirrors as they used to," remarked an old maid, as she observed a pair of sunken eyes, wrinkled face, and livid complexion in a glass she usually looked into.

"My son, in the midst of life always be prepared for death," was the admonition of a Missouri frontier minister, as he placed in the young man's belt two bowie knives and a pair of revolvers.

New Notice of Excitement.—An Indian when asked how much he weighed, replied, "As I am, I weigh one hundred and fifty pounds, but when I am laid I weigh a ton."

A lover once wrote to a lady who had rejected him, saying that he intended to retire to some secluded spot and breathe away his life in sighs. "To which the lady replied by enquiring whether they were to be of medium or large size." The man has not since been heard from.

A fellow stole a wood saw, and on trial told the judge that he only took it in a joke. "How far did you carry it?" asked the judge. "Two miles," answered the prisoner. "That is carrying the joke too far," remarked the judge, and the prisoner was committed for further examination.

Bright Judge.—Judge Richardson, in the western circuit, had a great stone on which, which he happened to step at instant, passed clear over his head. "You said to the friends who congratulated him on his escape," you see if I had been a right judge, I had been slain."

Teacher had been explaining to his class the points of the compass, and all were drawn up in front towards the north. "Now, what is before you, John?" "The north, sir." "And what behind you?" "My coat (tail), sir," said he, trying at the same time to catch a glimpse of it.

One of the most important female qualifications is sweetness of temper. Heaven did not give to women persuasion and insinuation in order to be surly; it did not give them a sweet voice to be employed in scolding.

Pat and the Stranger.—A stranger was passing a house where there was evidently a funeral, a coffin sitting near the door. Perceiving an honest son of E in hand, he engaged with him. "Well, sure, I'm not positive," says Pat, "but I believe it's the gentleman in the coffin."

Excuse Us.—Yankee editors sometimes make odd excuses to their readers for their shortcomings. The last we have noticed is the following from the *Hopkinton (Ky.) Press*: "We crave the indulgence of our readers for the scarcity of editorial in this issue.—We have attended several weddings and parties within the last day or two, and consequently overcharged our appetites. In fact we were late of a table of good things and floundered ourselves."

"Let's see you travel."—A strong, hearty, long loiterer, who preferred begging for a precarious subsistence to working for a sure one, called at the house of a blunt farmer, and, in the usual language of his tribe, asked for some "old vittles and old clothes." "You appear to be a stout, hearty-looking man," said the farmer, "what do you do for a living?" "Why, not much," replied the fellow, "except travelling from one place to another." "Travelling about, eh?" rejoined the farmer, "can you travel pretty well?" "Oh, yes, I'm pretty good at that." "Well," said the farmer, coolly, opening the door, "let's see you travel."

A man rather fond of the cider, was bitten by a rattlesnake in Virginia. Dr. Thomas Monticello, administered a quart of brandy, and a gallon and a half of whiskey without causing intoxication. The patient went to bed, and was well. The next day Mr. Monticello, was passing along, and saw him with his pants rolled to his knees, and wading round in some weeds and grass with his feet. He asked if he had lost anything. "No sir." "What are you doing, then?" "I am hunting a snake." "There isn't any liquor only what Dr. Thomas has, and he won't let me have any unless I am snake-bit, so I am hunting one."

ADVERTISEMENT.

More Cheap Goods!

D. SUTHERLAND.

HAS pleasure in announcing to his Customers and the public generally that he has received a very large portion of his

WOOLEN GOODS,

Which are now ready for inspection, and as no trouble has been spared in selecting, he confidently hopes to be able to suit every customer with—
Gala Plaid, Coburgs, Lustres, Circassian Cloth, Saxony Shaws, Woollen Head Dresses Mohair Do, Wood Sleeves, Armlets, Gaudinets, Blankets, Flannels, &c., &c., &c.

Ladies' Fur Bos, Gaudinets, Cuffs, &c. and a very large assortment of
Groceries and Hardware.
Water Street, Newmarket, Oct. 3, 1855. 11-33

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber begs to announce to the inhabitants of Newmarket and surrounding country, that he has at length resumed business in his old

OLD STAND,
At the corner, which place having undergone a re-building, enables him to keep a more extensive and varied STOCK than hitherto.

JOS. CAWTHRA.
Newmarket, Nov. 2, 1855. 11-14

Dr. E. P. Kermott,
Eclectic Physician and Surgeon, would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Newmarket and vicinity, that he is now prepared to treat Diseases of every kind, on the *Reform Principle*, without the use of "MINERAL MEDICINES," Dr. K. would say to those afflicted with Quercia, Fever Bore, and Old Sores of any kind, that if he undertakes to cure them, no charge will be made unless cured.

SADDLERY, HARNESS, WHIPS, &c.,
OF every description; together with every article in the Trade, manufactured and sold by
WILLIAM WALLIS,
Main Street, Newmarket.

LEATHER, LEATHER, LEATHER!!!
ALL kinds of LEATHER and Shoe-maker's Findings, for Sale by
WILLIAM WALLIS,
Main Street, Newmarket.

BOOTS & SHOES,
OF Superior Workmanship and Material, manufactured and for Sale by
WILLIAM WALLIS,
Main Street, Newmarket.

CASH FOR HIDES AND SKINS.
Newmarket, February 6, 1854.

PENITENTIARY BOOT AND SHOE STORE.
Wholesale and Retail.

Prices much Reduced.
The subscriber has just opened, and offers at Wholesale and Retail, at the

New Store on Yonge Street,
A few doors above King Street, Toronto, a large stock of **BOOTS AND SHOES**, consisting in part of Men's, Col. Kid, and Calf Boots; Boys' and Youths' Boots and Shoes; also, Ladies' Gaiters, Buckles and Slippers, and Children's Wear of all kinds, which he will sell at

VERY LOW PRICES.
This Work is from the Manufacture of the Provincial Penitentiary at Kingston, C. W., and for durability and quality, cannot be surpassed by any in Canada.

Indian Rubbers in Great Variety.
JAS. B. CARRUTH.
Toronto, Sept. 18, 1855. 11-133

Stove Warehouse
NEWMARKET,
Next door South of Mr. Millard's Wareroom.

G. MORTIMORE & CO.,
RESPECTFULLY announce that they have commenced the Stove and Tin Smith business, and will keep constantly on hand an assortment of

COOKING, PARLOUR, AND BOX STOVES,
Of the newest Patterns. Tin, Sheet Iron, Copper, and Japanned Ware, which they will dispose of for Cash, or on a SHORT CREDIT, at Toronto Prices.

Particular attention paid to Jobbing. All orders punctually attended to.
Newmarket, Sept. 27, 1853. 11-32

NEW STORE!
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS AND MILLINERY,
At No. 84, Yonge Street, four doors North of Adelaide Street.

THE Subscriber feels grateful for the liberal patronage he has received from his numerous friends, and to intimate to the Citizens of Toronto, and the surrounding country, that he is now opening up a large and choice selection of Staple and Fancy

Dry Goods and Millinery,
Embracing every article in the Trade. These goods have been selected by himself, expressly for the market, and he therefore can confidently recommend them to his customers.

Orders via the Northern Railroad, from the country punctually attended to.
Great Bargains will be given. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
A. H. EARL,
84, Yonge Street. 15-16

GALLERY OF ART.
J. E. PELL,
Curver, Gilder, Looking-Glass and PICTURE-FRAME MANUFACTURER,
64, King Street West, Toronto.

RESPECTFULLY announces to his friends and the public at large, that his stock of

JEWELLERY AND PIER GLASSES,
Window Cornices, Engravings, and other various articles in his line of business, is the most elegant and extensive in Canada, and will always be sold at the lowest remunerative prices.
September 18, 1855. 11-32

Fall Importations, 1855.
J. JACKSON,
No. 3, King Street West, Toronto.

HAVING completed his Fall Stock of China, Glass and Earthen Ware, is prepared to furnish Country Merchants and others, with every article in the Trade. J. J.'s stores will be found to consist of

China, Glassware, Granite, Stoneware, Pearl, Spotted C. C. and Yellow Ware, which he will sell at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
As cheap as any house in the Trade. Assorted Cates kept constantly on hand.
Toronto, Sept. 1855. 11-33

New Tin and Copper Warehouse,
Newmarket, next to Col. Cotter's Mill.

HODGE & SON
WOULD most respectfully inform the inhabitants of Newmarket and the surrounding country, that they have commenced business in the above line, and are now prepared to execute all orders entrusted to their care, with neatness, accuracy and despatch.

TERMS: LIBERAL.
HODGE & SON,
Newmarket, July 12, 1855. 11-24

A Building Lot for Sale
IN THE
TOWN OF NEWMARKET
LOT No. 10 on the east side of Prospect Street, and corner of Gorman Street, nearly opposite Mill Street, beautifully situated for a business place. Apply to

GEORGE EAKIN,
Newmarket, Oct. 6, 1855. 11-35

MASTERS BLANKS
OF all description, on hand for sale, Apply to the
NEW ERA OFFICE.
Newmarket, June 9, 1854.

TO Lease,
FOR a term of Seven Years from the 1st of April next, Lot No. 25, in the 2nd con. of Whitechurch now occupied by John Goodwin.
Apply to
WILLIAM ROE, Esq.,
Newmarket, or to
Rev. WILLIAM RITCHIE,
Sole Trustee—Georgians.
Newmarket, July 26, 1855. 11-36

TO Lease,
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Newmarket, or to
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Sole Trustee—Georgians.
Newmarket, July 26, 1855. 11-36

AURORA ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

THE subscribers having put the premises lately occupied by Mr. Geo. Lloyd, at

AURORA,
in thorough repair, are now prepared to execute orders in

Turning, Planing, Sawing,
And Drilling, on the shortest notice; and they hope by strict attention and punctuality to merit and receive a share of public patronage.
N. B.—Lathes and other tools to be let as usual.
MACHELL & ASHTON.
Aurora, Dec. 13, 1855. 11-45

Laborers Wanted,
BY the undersigned, to Saw and Bolt state Timber, to which liberal wages will be paid. Living Coal will be Paid for any quantity of **STAVE TIMBER**, delivered at the Shop.
MACHELL & ASHTON.
Aurora, Dec. 13, 1855. 11-45

NEW IMPORTED GOODS!!
THE Subscribers have recently imported from Europe, Ex Steamers Africa, Pacific, Baltic, Empire State and Danit Webster, a choice stock of

Seasonable Dry Goods,
Among which will be found, extremely low, Plain and Cross-barred Muslins, Coburgs, Orleans, Alpacaes, French Marins, Gals Plaid, Muslin de Indes, &c., &c. Petermanns, Tweeds, Broad-cloths, Cassimeres, Flannels, Shawls, Worsted Handkerchiefs, Mullers, Carpets, &c.

Also, from New York and Boston,
A choice stock of Fresh Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Sugar-brown Syrup, Tobacco, American Cheese, and a general assortment of

Family Groceries.
American Hardware, Sheetings, Canton Flannels, Saltines, Plain and Figured Harford Remnant Prints, Battings, and Tickings. Also, Ladies' Mixers and Youths

BOOTS AND SHOES,
Metallic Boots and Shoes, Drops, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye-stuffs, and Fancy Articles. All of which will be sold at a small advance. These Goods were bought on much more advantageous terms than former importations, by the senior Partner.

A General Call is Solicited.
CHAS. DOAN & CO.,
Sharon, CHAS. DOAN, Aurora. 3m14

NOTICE.
THE subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of Aurora, and surrounding Country, That having purchased the premises lately occupied by Mr. RICHARD GILMAN, he intends carrying on the business, and will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.,
Consisting in part, of Cloths, Saltines, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Coburgs, Delaines, Gals Plaid, Lustres, Fancy Dress Stuffs, Flannels, Gingham, Fancy Regatta and striped Shirts.

Ready Made Clothing,
Boots, Shoes, &c. A choice assortment of Family **GROCERIES, TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS, RICE, &c.,**
Fig Leaf, Honey Dew and other Tobaccos, Window Glass, Putty, Nails, &c. and all articles usually kept in the Trade.

And having purchased his Goods under very advantageous circumstances, for Cash, feels confident of being able to give satisfaction with regard to prices and hopes by strict attention to business and an earnest desire to meet the wishes of his customers, to merit a share of public patronage.

BENJAMIN PEARSON.
Aurora, Oct. 26, 1855. 11-39

William Taylor,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
GRAINER, Glazier, and Paper Hanger, Shop on Yonge Street, adjoining W. Mooley's office.
Aurora, 27th June, 1855. 11-21

WALTER B. GEMIE M. D.,
LICENSED OF THE
MEDICAL BOARD OF CANADA WEST.
AURORA, (MACHELL'S CORNERS.)
Aurora, May 1st, 1855.

W. MOSELEY,
CONVEYANCER AND LAND AGENT,
Commissioner in the Queen's Bench.
Office on Yonge Street.
Aurora, 25th May, 1855. 11-17

CASH FOR WHEAT!
THE Subscriber will pay the highest price for any Quantity of **WHEAT** delivered at the Aurora Station, and will procure bags.

W. MOSLEY.
Land Agent, Conveyancer, &c.
Aurora, Sept. 27th, 1855. 11-34

NOTICE.
THE Subscribers beg to announce to the public, that they have leased the

CARPENTER'S SHOP,
Belonging to the Estate of the late Mr. James Bosak, in the Village of AURORA, and will attend to the

Carpenter and Joiners' Work,
In all its branches, and hope by their unremitting attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

WITTY & HARVEY,
Builders, &c., &c.
Aurora, 25th May, 1855. 11-17

NOTICE.
THE subscriber begs to inform the public that he is now prepared to contract for Buildings. Having had experience in Toronto in some of the best shops, is able to do work in the Neatest Style—work executed on hand all sorts of Joiner's Work.

Floors, Sash, Window-blinds,
Mouldings of any size, Fan Lights, Trusses, &c. made to Order, and all work warranted.

All orders pre-paid, punctually attended to.
JOHN RANKIN.
Builder.
Aurora, March 8, 1855.

MASTERS BLANKS
OF all description, on hand for sale, Apply to the
NEW ERA OFFICE.
Newmarket, June 9, 1854.

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Rev. WILLIAM RITCHIE,
Sole Trustee—Georgians.
Newmarket, July 26, 1855. 11-36

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Newmarket, July 26, 1855. 11-36

BUTLER'S PATENT FLOURING MILLS



WESTON, COGSWELL & Co.
(Successors to Lowell, Wright & Co.)
MANUFACTURERS, 42, MAIN STREET, BUFFALO, N. Y.

MANUFACTURERS of every description of the most approved Mill Machinery. Plans and Specifications for Merchant and Custom Mills made to order. Constantly on hand—Dutch Anchor or Bolting Cloths, Sieves, Wire, India Rubber and Leather Belting, Mill Flies, Housings, Bales and Saws, Flour Packers, Stucco Plaster, &c.

Agents for the celebrated Smit Machines Refer to Messrs. Hubbard, Jolls & Barton, J. B. Trobridge, Pratt & Co., Buffalo, Eagle Iron Works Co., Buffalo; Dr. O. Ford, Newmarket.

Orders from Canada punctually attended to.
Buffalo, Aug. 23rd, 1855. 11-36

Furniture Wareroom.
JOSEPH MILLARD, Newmarket, has constantly on hand a large Assortment of **HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE**—Consisting of Black Walnut and Mahogany Side boards, Bureaus, Sofas, Tables, Chairs, and other articles usually required.

PATENT BEDSTEADS, of various descriptions; also, Coffin Plates, Mirrors, Varnish, &c., kept for sale.

As the subscriber keeps COFFINS ready made, he is prepared to furnish Funerals, on the shortest notice.
Newmarket, February 18, 1854.

Kermott, Brother & Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

DRUGS, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Turpentine, Varnish, Dye-stuffs, Spices, Rosin, Garden Seeds, &c., &c.
Manufacturers of Patent Medicines, Hair Oils, Essences, &c., &c.
Newmarket, March 22, 1855. 11-8

TORONTO Boot and Shoe Store!
JUST Received, by the subscriber, a Large and well selected stock of spring and summer

BOOTS AND SHOES.
For men, women and children, made of the best materials and in the latest styles.

The subscriber, in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed, respectfully calls the attention of the public to the above stock. The whole has been selected with great care, expressly for this market.

W. CARLINE.
Newmarket, April 20, 1855. 11-11

Don't Read This,
And then throw down the paper and forget all about it.

THOMAS NIXON
HAS now on hand a considerable amount of food for

MIND AND BODY.
That for the mind consists of choice reading matter selected by himself with care, and is offered to the public at publishers prices.

The food for the body, which he offers, is composed of—
Bacon, Hams, Fish, Cheese, Dried Apples, Fruits, Teas, Coffee, Spices, &c., all of which, having been purchased with cash, he will sell at such prices as cannot fail to give satisfaction to the purchaser.

Give him a trial and settle the fact for yourselves.
Do you Desire to Save Money?
THEN purchase your Groceries, Tobacco, Cheese, Delph, Glass-ware, Nails, Books, Stationery and Patent Medicines, at

T. NIXON'S,
Opposite Hewitt's Hotel.

Thomas Nixon
HAS on hand, in addition to those heretofore advertised, the following BOOKS—

Memoirs of Dr. Chalmers, 2 vols. Twelve years a Slave.
The American Farmer. Life of Horace Greeley. Minnie Herman. Household scenes for home circles. Colquhoun of Australia. Life of W. H. Seward. American Agitation and Reformers. History of the Insurance in China. Incidents and narratives in a Pastor's Life. Ruth Hall, by Fanny Fern. The Master minds of the West.

Memorials of English Masters. Our Parish. Cummings' Scripture Reading—Lectures. Pride and Prejudice.
Daniel Boone and the Hunters of Kentucky. The Teacher and the parent. The Lamp Lighter. Poetical Works of Pope, Gray, Collins, Farnell, Watson, Green and Herbert.

Pearl Fishing, choice English Biography. The War of voices from the ranks, only 1s 3d. Novels of the Musicians. Smith's History of Greece. Self-Sisters or the Russia of Today, only 1s 6d. The Old House by the River. Good's Book of Nature.

Neighbors of Russia and History of the present war. Battles of the Crimea. Twelve old tales. Life and Deeds of Fanny Fern. The Slave of the Lamp. Curiosities of Literature. Strenuous Christianity, by Caughley. Life on the Plains and at the Diggins.

Family Bibles, a large supply of Stationery, Blank Account Books, Music Books, and a variety of Fancy Articles. The National School Books of all kinds, as usual, to merchants, at publishers wholesale prices.

BOOK BINDING,
In all its forms, done on the shortest notice, and at very low prices.

THOMAS NIXON is now prepared to insure Buildings against loss by Fire, in either the "Beacon" company of London (England), or the "Western" of Toronto.

The Subscriber is now prepared to pay the highest price in CASH, for all kinds of Farm Produce.

THOMAS NIXON.
Newmarket, May 11, 1855. 11-3

TO Lease,
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Newmarket, July 26, 1855. 11-36

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Newmarket, July 26, 1855. 11-36

Dr. Chantler's Fluid Wig!



PREPARED, WHOLESALE, TORONTO, C. W.
Also, For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by
KERMOTT, BRO. & CO., NEWMARKET.
Only 25 Cents per Bottle.

And also by E. HUGHES, on Carbutt Hill.

NEW FOUNDRY,
NEWMARKET.

THE Subscriber having lately established an Iron Foundry in this place, is now prepared to execute all orders with which he may be favored; either in Casting any kind of